

## **STANDARDS**

- <u>CCSS</u>: RST.9-10.2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10; RST.11-12.2, 4, 8, 10; SL.9-10.4; SL.11-12.4
- **NGSS**: HS-LS1-1
- <u>OLP</u>: 5.C.22

# **ONLINE CONTENTS**

- Coral Anatomy Quiz
- <u>Coral Anatomy Interactive</u> (at bottom of Coral Anatomy section) Use the interactive program to learn and explore more about the anatomy of a stony coral polyp.
- <u>What Are Corals? Video</u> Corals are animals. An individual coral's body, called a polyp, is mostly stomach, with a mouth on top. Its mouth is ringed with tentacles - but these just aren't any tentacles, they're lined with stinging cells, some filled with venom (neurotoxins) that paralyze their prey.
- <u>Form Fits Function Video</u> Ever heard the phrase form fits function? It's when the shape of something is designed for the job it is supposed to do. When applied to sea creatures it means their body parts are a good match for their role in the animal's survival.

# **CORAL ANATOMY**

This lesson is a part of the *Coral Anatomy* unit, which explains some of the characteristics and structures of corals, and how they function. Below is a summary of what is included in the entire unit.

## UNIT CONTENTS

### A. Background Information

- Coral Anatomy
- Form Fits Function
- B. Lessons
  - Watch it! What Are Corals?
    - A worksheet to accompany the <u>What Are Corals?</u> video

### Watch it! Form Fits Function

 A worksheet to accompany the <u>Form Fits Function</u> video

#### Interactive Coral Polyp

A worksheet to label the structures of a coral polyp and describe their function

### Fitting the Function

 A crossword puzzle to match the coral structures to their function

### Coral Anatomy Quiz

 A matching quiz to match the coral structures to their function

#### Coral Polyp Eco-Art

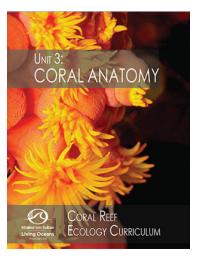
• An art project to design and build a coral polyp using recycled materials

#### Form Fits Function

• A lesson to design a poster of any plant or animal, labeling the parts and their functions

#### Read it! Swimming Among Soft Corals

 A worksheet to accompany the <u>Swimming Among Soft</u> <u>Corals of the Great Barrier Reef</u> field blog







# LESSON 3

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## LEARNING OBJECTIVE

• Understand that structure is directly related to the function that it performs.

## **KEYWORD**

Form Fits Function

## MATERIALS

- 22 inches x 28 inches (56 cm x 71 cm) poster board
- Other materials are dependent on method used to create poster.
- Watch It! Form Fits Function student worksheet.
- Lesson 3: Form Fits Function
  student worksheet

## **INTEGRATING SUBJECTS**

- Art
- Public speaking

## **EVALUATION**

• See *Grading Rubric* for activity evaluation.

## **STANDARDS**

- <u>CCSS</u>: RST.9-10.4, 5, 7; RST.11-12.4; W.9-10.2, 4, 7, 8; W.11-12.2, 4, 7, 8; SL.9-10.4, 6; SL.11-12.4, 6
- <u>NGSS</u>: HS-LS1-1
- <u>OLP</u>: 5.C.22

# TEACHER'S NOTES

## PROCEDURE

- Watch Form Fits Function YouTube video (<u>https://youtu.be/oDDaVcTh8ZQ</u>) and answer questions on the Watch It! Form Fits Function student worksheet.
- 2. Teach Background Information section B) Form Fits Function.
- 3. Hand out **Lesson 3: Form Fits Function** student worksheet. NOTE: This student guided assignment can be used as a reinforcement activity inside or outside of the classroom or even in a flipped classroom assignment.
- 4. Explain the procedure located on the student worksheet.
- 5. Review the grading rubric with students.



Name:



**OBJECTIVE:** Understand that structure is directly related to the function that it performs.

You have learned that form fits function. Now it's your turn to provide examples of form fits function. For this activity you will create a poster.

# PART A:

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Choose a plant or an animal.
- 2. Create a poster.
- 3. Graphics can be handcrafted, digitally created, or borrowed from other sources. If you are using graphics from other sources, you need to make sure that they are cited below the borrowed graphic.
- 4. Label 20 different structures. Remember these can be external or internal structures.
- 5. Write the function of each structure that you labeled.

See the attached rubric for grading.

## PART B:

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Students will give a short classroom presentation.
- 2. The student will identify the organism chosen and one fact that they learned.
- 3. Students will then be asked questions about the poster. See rubric for grading.



### **GRADING RUBRIC:**

| Name: |  |
|-------|--|
| nume. |  |

\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

| Category                | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | Score |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|-------|
| Graphics –<br>Clarity   | Graphics are all<br>in focus and the<br>content easily<br>viewed and<br>identified from 6<br>feet (1.8 m) away.                         | Most graphics<br>are in focus<br>and the content<br>easily viewed and<br>identified from 6<br>feet (1.8 m) away.                                | Most graphics<br>are in focus and<br>the content is<br>easily viewed and<br>identified from 4<br>feet (1.2 m) away.                               | Many graphics<br>are not clear or<br>are too small.   |       |
| Graphics –<br>Relevance | All graphics are<br>related to the topic<br>and make it easier<br>to understand.<br>All borrowed<br>graphics have a<br>source citation. | All graphics are<br>related to the<br>topic and most<br>make it easier<br>to understand.<br>All borrowed<br>graphics have a<br>source citation. | All graphics relate<br>to the topic.<br>Most borrowed<br>graphics have a<br>source citation.  | Graphics do<br>not relate to<br>the topic OR<br>several borrowed<br>graphics do not<br>have a source<br>citation. |       |
| Labels                  | All structures are<br>clearly labeled<br>with labels that<br>can be read from<br>at least 3 feet (.9<br>m) away.                        | 15-19 structures<br>are clearly labeled<br>with labels that<br>can be read from<br>at least 3 feet (.9<br>m) away.                              | 8-14 structures<br>are clearly labeled<br>with labels that<br>can be read from<br>at least 3 feet (.9<br>m)away.                                  | Labels are too<br>small to view<br>OR less than 8<br>structures are<br>labeled.                                   |       |
| Content –<br>Accuracy   | All structures have<br>accurate functions<br>displayed on the<br>poster.  | 15-19 accurate<br>functions are<br>displayed on the<br>poster.  | 8-14 accurate<br>functions are<br>displayed on the<br>poster.   | Less than 8<br>accurate functions<br>are displayed on<br>the poster.  |       |
| Knowledge<br>Gained     | Student can<br>accurately answer<br>all questions<br>related to facts<br>in the poster and<br>processes used to<br>create the poster.   | Student can<br>accurately answer<br>most questions<br>related to facts<br>in the poster and<br>processes used to<br>create the poster.          | Student can<br>accurately<br>answer about<br>75% of questions<br>related to facts<br>in the poster and<br>processes used to<br>create the poster. | Student<br>appears to<br>have insufficient<br>knowledge about<br>the facts or<br>processes used in<br>the poster. |       |
| Delivery                | Excellent and<br>clear verbal<br>articulation of<br>ideas.  | Explained ideas well.   | Ideas were well<br>stated, but lacked<br>some clarity.  | Ideas were<br>difficult to<br>understand.   |       |
| Attractiveness          | The poster is<br>exceptionally<br>attractive in terms<br>of design, layout,<br>and neatness.  | The poster is<br>attractive in terms<br>of design, layout<br>and neatness.  | The poster is<br>acceptably<br>attractive, though<br>it may be a bit<br>messy.  | The poster is<br>distractingly<br>messy or very<br>poorly designed. It<br>is not attractive.                      |       |
| Grammar/<br>Spelling    | There are no<br>mistakes on the<br>poster.  | There are 1-3<br>mistakes on the<br>poster.   | There are 4-6<br>mistakes on the<br>poster.   | There are more<br>than 6 mistakes<br>on the poster.   |       |
| TOTAL                   | Out of 32:  |   |   |   |       |

